

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 2
Coded Character Sets
Secretariat: [Japan \(JISC\)](#)

DOC. TYPE	Summary of Voting/Table of Replies	
TITLE	Summary of voting on SC 2 N 4028, ISO/IEC 10646: 2003/PDAM 6.2, Information technology -- Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) -- AMENDMENT 6: Javanese, Lisu, Meetei Mayek, Samaritan, and other characters	
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Result of voting

Ballot Information:

Ballot reference:	JTC 1/SC 2 N 4028
Ballot type:	CIB
Ballot title:	ISO/IEC 10646: 2003/PDAM 6.2, Information technology -- Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) -- AMENDMENT 6: Javanese, Lisu, Meetei Mayek, Samaritan, and other characters
Opening date:	2008-06-24
Closing date:	2008-09-24
Note:	

Member responses:

Votes cast (20)	Belgium (NBN) Canada (SCC) China (SAC) Egypt (EOS) Finland (SFS) France (AFNOR) Germany (DIN) India (BIS) Indonesia (BSN) Ireland (NSAI) Japan (JISC) Korea, Republic of (KATS) Norway (SN) Poland (PKN) Romania (ASRO) Sweden (SIS) Thailand (TISI) Ukraine (DSSU) United Kingdom (BSI) USA (ANSI)
Comments submitted (1)	Italy (UNI)
Votes not cast (9)	Greece (ELOT) Iceland (IST) Iran, Islamic Republic of (ISIRI) Kazakhstan (KAZMEMST) Korea, Dem. P. Rep. of (CSK) Mongolia (MASM) Russian Federation (GOST R) Serbia (ISS) Tunisia (INNORPI)

Questions:	
Q.1	"Do you agree with approval of the PDAM Text?"
Q.2	"If you approve the PDAM Text with comments, would you please indicate which type ? (General, Technical or Editorial)"
Q.3	"If you Disapprove the Draft, would you please indicate if you accept to change your vote to Approval if the reasons and appropriate changes will be accepted?"

Answers to Q.1: "Do you agree with approval of the PDAM Text?"		
8 x	Approval as presented	Egypt (EOS) India (BIS) Indonesia (BSN) Norway (SN) Poland (PKN) Romania (ASRO) Thailand (TISI) Ukraine (DSSU)
6 x	Disapproval of the draft	China (SAC) Germany (DIN) Ireland (NSAI) Korea, Republic of (KATS) United Kingdom (BSI) USA (ANSI)
4 x	Abstention	Belgium (NBN) Finland (SFS) France (AFNOR) Sweden (SIS)
2 x	Approval with comments	Canada (SCC) Japan (JISC)

Answers to Q.2: "If you approve the PDAM Text with comments, would you please indicate which type ? (General, Technical or Editorial)"		
16 x	Ignore	Belgium (NBN) China (SAC) Finland (SFS) France (AFNOR) Germany (DIN) India (BIS) Indonesia (BSN) Ireland (NSAI) Korea, Republic of (KATS) Norway (SN) Poland (PKN) Romania (ASRO) Sweden (SIS) Thailand (TISI) Ukraine (DSSU)

		USA (ANSI)
3 x	All	Egypt (EOS) Japan (JISC) United Kingdom (BSI)
1 x	General	Canada (SCC)
0 x	Editorial	
0 x	Technical	

Answers to Q.3: "If you Disapprove the Draft, would you please indicate if you accept to change your vote to Approval if the reasons and appropriate changes will be accepted?"

13 x	Ignore	Belgium (NBN) Canada (SCC) Finland (SFS) France (AFNOR) India (BIS) Indonesia (BSN) Japan (JISC) Norway (SN) Poland (PKN) Romania (ASRO) Sweden (SIS) Thailand (TISI) Ukraine (DSSU)
6 x	Yes	China (SAC) Germany (DIN) Ireland (NSAI) Korea, Republic of (KATS) United Kingdom (BSI) USA (ANSI)
1 x	No	Egypt (EOS)

Comments from Voters		
Member:	Comment:	Date:
Canada (SCC)	Comment	2008-09-22 14:46:43
While Canada does not have expertise on TANGUT, we understand there is some controversy about its acceptance in the user community as is encoded in the PDAM6.2. If WG2, after due consideration of the issues that is being presented by subject matter experts, decides on postponement of TANGUT encoding to a future amendment, Canada will not have any objection		
China (SAC)	Comment File	2008-09-24 03:13:39
CommentFiles/China(SAC).doc		
Germany (DIN)	Comment File	2008-09-23

		20:37:07
CommentFiles/Germany(DIN).txt		
Ireland (NSAI)	Comment	2008-09-23 17:39:16
<p>Ireland</p> <p>Acceptance of these comments and appropriate changes to the text will change our vote to approval.</p> <p>disapproves the draft with the technical and editorial comments given below.</p>		
Ireland (NSAI)	Comment File	2008-09-23 17:39:16
CommentFiles/Ireland(NSAI).pdf		
Japan (JISC)	Comment File	2008-09-24 06:32:09
CommentFiles/Japan(JISC).doc		
Korea, Republic of (KATS)	Comment	2008-09-23 03:31:23
comment file is attached		
Korea, Republic of (KATS)	Comment File	2008-09-23 03:31:23
CommentFiles/Korea,Republicof(KATS).doc		
United Kingdom (BSI)	Comment	2008-09-19 14:58:56
See comment file		
United Kingdom (BSI)	Comment File	2008-09-19 14:58:56
CommentFiles/UnitedKingdom(BSI).doc		
USA (ANSI)	Comment	2008-09-22 17:43:18
Comments attached		
USA (ANSI)	Comment File	2008-09-22 17:43:18
CommentFiles/USA(ANSI).pdf		

Comments from Commenters

Member:

Comment:



Date:

Italy (UNI)	<i>Comment</i>	2008-09-24 13:08:23
no comment		

China votes NO to SC2N4028 on ISO/IEC 10646: 2003 PDAM6.2.
China will change her vote to YES if the following comments accepted.

1. Comments for 2 characters in New Tai Lue

Glyphs of U+19D2 NEW TAI LUE DIGIT TWO and U+19D4 NEW TAI LUE DIGIT FOUR should be corrected.

- The current glyph of U+19D2 is wrong, the correct glyph is .
- The current glyph of U+19D4 is hand writing style, the correct typography is .

Both current glyphs are not found in newspapers, books and other publications or information systems in use, in China, Tai Land or Myanmar.

2. Comment on Tangut

China supports the code charts of Tangut but requires to change the fonts to that provided by China which reflects the original forms of Tangut in history.

The German National Body is voting "No with comments" on the following SC2 ballot:

SC2N4028

Information technology -- Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) -- AMENDMENT 6.2: Javanese, Lisu, Meetei Mayek, Samaritan, and other characters.

If T1 and T2 are accommodated, Germany will change its vote to Yes.

Technical Comments:

T.1. Tangut

While Germany appreciates the encoding of Tangut in principle, in its opinion the ongoing discussions on the Unicode mailing list show that there a consensus is not reached at this time about the experts to present an encoding which can gain broad acceptance by its user community. Therefore, Germany requires Tangut to be removed from Amendment 6.2 pending further study.

T.2 Japanese TV Symbols

Germany requires the following changes:

26CE TRAFFIC WARNING change to: HEAVY EXCLAMATION MARK SYMBOL
26D5 ALTERNATE ONE-WAY TRAFFIC change to: ALTERNATE ONE-WAY LEFT WAY TRAFFIC
26D6 BLACK TWO WAY TRAFFIC change to: BLACK TWO WAY LEFT WAY TRAFFIC
26D7 WHITE TWO WAY TRAFFIC change to: WHITE TWO WAY LEFT WAY TRAFFIC
26D8 BLACK LANE MERGE change to: BLACK LEFT LANE MERGE
26D9 WHITE LANE MERGE change to: WHITE LEFT LANE MERGE
26DA DRIVE SLOW change to: DRIVE SLOW SIGN
26DC CLOSED ENTRY change to: LEFT CLOSED ENTRY
26E0 RESTRICTED ENTRY 1 change to: RESTRICTED LEFT ENTRY 1
26E1 RESTRICTED ENTRY 2 change to: RESTRICTED LEFT ENTRY 2
26ED FACTORY change to: GEAR WITHOUT HUB
26EF LIGHTHOUSE change to: GEAR WITH BLACK CIRCLE INSIDE
26F4 BLACK BOAT change to: FERRY

26F5 WHITE SAILBOAT change to: SAILBOAT

26FC GRAVEYARD change to: HEADSTONE GRAVEYARD SYMBOL

This is in accordance with the comment T.6 of the U.S. national body as shown in the Unicode document L2/08-330, and with the decisions of the Unicode consortium taken at their UTC #116 meeting in August 2008, with one exception:

There, 26EF LIGHTHOUSE is requested to be changed to: BEACON.

Germany strictly opposes to the name BEACON in the same way as to the original name LIGHTHOUSE. Neither does the symbol show a lighthouse or beacon to a user without preconception, nor does the symbol resemble any symbol for lighthouse or beacon used internationally like e.g. in nautical maps. Se e.g. the following links showing beacon symbols on nautical maps, which all look totally different:

<http://nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/mcd/chart1/aids/Q.pdf>

http://mapserver.maptech.com/mapserver/nautical_symbols/Q1.html

T.3. Miscellaneous Symbols

The German national body supports the addition of one character to the Miscellaneous Symbols Block:

26BD SOCCER BALL.

This character is being added in this location as it fits semantically with other such symbols, such

as "baseball."

To accommodate this addition, the German national body suggests that the following two characters in the amendment be moved down by one code position:

26BD BASEBALL change to: 26BE

26BE SQUARED LOCK change to: 26BF.

This is in accordance with the comment T.9 of the U.S. national body as shown in the Unicode document L2/08-330, and with the decisions of the Unicode consortium taken at their UTC #116 meeting in August 2008.

Irish comments on PDAM-6.2 for ISO/IEC 10646:2003

Reference: SC2 N3988

Closes: 2008-09-24

Date: 2008-09-23

Ireland **disapproves** the draft with the technical and editorial comments given below. Acceptance of these comments and appropriate changes to the text will change our vote to approval.

Technical comments

- T1. **Page 4, Modifications to existing blocks and New blocks.** For “United Canadian Aboriginal Syllabics” twice here, read “Unified Canadian Aboriginal Syllabics”.
- T2. **Page 7, Annex B.** The Meetei Mayek combining characters should be modified in accordance with the resolution of our T6 below.
- T3. **Page 8, Annex G.** A section describing the Tangut character naming convention should have been added here. See, however, our T11 below.
- T4. **Page 11, Row 090: Devanagari.** With reference to ISO/IEC JTC1/SC2/WG2 N3488R2 “Proposal to encode additional characters for Vedic in the UCS”, Ireland requests that the character 0973 DEVANAGARI SIGN PUSHPIKA be moved to A8F8 and that the character 0974 DEVANAGARI CARET be moved to A8FA. Ireland also requests that the character DEVANAGARI VOWEL SIGN PRISHTHAMATRA E be added to 094E.
- T5. **Page 17, Row 0F0: Tibetan.** In order to acknowledge the international use of these characters, Ireland requests that the following names be used: 0FD5 RIGHT-FACING SVASTI SIGN, 0FD6 LEFT-FACING SVASTI SIGN, 0FD7 RIGHT-FACING SVASTI SIGN WITH DOTS, and 0FD8 LEFT-FACING SVASTI SIGN WITH DOTS. Ireland would not favour moving the characters to a generic symbols block or to a Vedic-specific block.
- T6. **Page 37, Row 1C8: Meetei Mayek.** With reference to ISO/IEC JTC1/SC2/WG2 N3473R “Proposed Encoding for Meetei Mayek Block” and to ISO/IEC JTC1/SC2/WG2 N3478R “Proposed Encoding for Meetei Mayek Extended Block”, Ireland requests that the character set and code table in PDAM 6.2 be replaced by those in these two documents. This will create two separate blocks (“Meetei Mayek” beginning at ABC0 and “Meetei Mayek Extensions” beginning at AAE0), and involve the addition of one character (the new ABE2 MEETEI MAYEK LETTER I LONSUM). The names and character annotations are also changed by these two documents.
- T7. **Page 40, Row 1CD: Vedic Extensions.** With reference to ISO/IEC JTC1/SC2/WG2 N3488R2 “Proposal to encode additional characters for Vedic in the UCS”, Ireland requests that the character set and code table in PDAM 6.2 be replaced by that in N3488R2. This involves the addition of characters at 1CD4, 1CE9..1CEC, moving the character at 1CF1 to 1CF2, and adding a new character at 1CF1.
- T8. **Page 72, Row A8E: Devanagari Extended.** With reference to ISO/IEC JTC1/SC2/WG2 N3488R2 “Proposal to encode additional characters for Vedic in the UCS”, Ireland requests

that the character set and code table in PDAM 6.2 be replaced by that in N3488R2. This involves the addition of characters at A8F8..A8FB.

T9. **Page 77, Row AA6: Myanmar Extended-A.** With reference to ISO/IEC JTC1/SC2/WG2 N3492 “Extended Proposal to add Khamti Shan Characters to the Myanmar Blocks”, Ireland requests that the character set and code table in PDAM 6.2 be replaced by that in N3492.

T10. **Page 80, Row 10A6: Old South Arabian.** Ireland objects to the character names which have been proposed for the Old South Arabian script. Conventional names rather than raw Latin transliterations are the usual way in which Semitic script character names are given in the UCS. There is no reason for this precedent to be overturned. Moreover, even if transliterations *were* to be used, they should be the ones most commonly used. The proposed characters include (for instance) X T1, 8 T2, and III T3. But ordinary transliterations of Old South Arabian write *t*, *ṭ*, and *t̤*—the use of digits proposed writing *t¹* would be contrary to common scholarly practice, as well as UCS practice. The same goes for the rest of the characters, for which a number of differing transliterations can be found, such as those of Faulmann 1880, Höfner 1943, Healey 1990, O’Connor 1996, Stein 2003, Nebes and Stein 2004, given here.

		F1880	H1943	B1962	H1990	O’C1996	S2003	NS2004	
D1	𐤃	<i>d</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>d</i>	<i>d</i>	ד
D2	𐤄	<i>ḏ</i>	<i>ḏ, ḏ̣</i>	<i>ḏ</i>	<i>ḏ</i>	<i>ḏ</i>	<i>ḏ</i>	<i>ḏ</i>	ד̣
D3	𐤅	<i>z</i>	<i>ḏ, ḏ̣</i>	<i>ḏ</i>	<i>ḏ</i>	<i>ḏ</i>	<i>ḏ</i>	<i>ḏ</i>	ז
G1	𐤆	<i>dž</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>g</i>	<i>g</i>	ג
G2	𐤇	<i>γ</i>	<i>ḡ</i>	<i>ḡ</i>	<i>ḡ</i>	<i>ḡ</i>	<i>ḡ</i>	<i>ḡ</i>	ג̣
H1	𐤈	<i>h</i>	<i>h</i>	<i>h</i>	<i>h</i>	<i>h</i>	<i>h</i>	<i>h</i>	ה
H2	𐤉	<i>h’</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	ה̣
H3	𐤊	<i>χ</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	<i>ḥ</i>	ה̣̄
S1	𐤋	<i>s</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>s¹</i>	<i>š</i>	<i>s¹</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>s₁</i>	ס
S2	𐤌	<i>š</i>	<i>š</i>	<i>s²</i>	<i>ś</i>	<i>s²</i>	<i>š</i>	<i>s₂</i>	ש
S3	𐤍	<i>z</i>	<i>ś</i>	<i>s³</i>	<i>s</i>	<i>s³</i>	<i>ś</i>	<i>s³</i>	שׁ
S4	𐤎	<i>ṣ</i>	<i>ṣ</i>	<i>ṣ</i>	<i>ṣ</i>	<i>ṣ</i>	<i>ṣ</i>	<i>ṣ</i>	צ
T1	𐤏	<i>t</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>t</i>	<i>t</i>	ת
T2	𐤐	<i>ḏ</i>	<i>ṭ</i>	<i>ṭ</i>	<i>ṭ</i>	<i>ṭ</i>	<i>ṭ</i>	<i>ṭ</i>	ת̣
T3	𐤑	<i>θ</i>	<i>ṭ, ḥ</i>	<i>ṭ</i>	<i>ṭ</i>	<i>ṭ</i>	<i>ṭ</i>	<i>ṭ</i>	ת̣̄
Z1	𐤒	<i>θ</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>z</i>	<i>z</i>	ז
Z2	𐤓	<i>ḏ̣</i>	<i>ẓ</i>	<i>ẓ</i>	<i>ẓ</i>	<i>ẓ</i>	<i>ẓ</i>	<i>ẓ</i>	ז̣

The proposal given in N3395 is not consistent with current UCS practice. The *only* letters for which superscript or subscript digits are used are three of the four *s*’s.

It has been Ireland’s consistent position for many years that actual character names be used rather than transliteration names. In the case of Old South Arabian in particular, the use of transliteration character names obscures the relation of individual letters with the corresponding letters in related scripts, which works to the detriment of users of the UCS who may wish to relate the characters of different scripts.

However, Ireland does not believe that it should be difficult to resolve this issue. We note that a number of naming conventions have been proposed for Old South Arabian:

- N3309 (2007-07-30) proposed to use Arabic-based character names.
- N3296R (2007-09-10) suggested that Arabic-based character names were anachronistic and proposed reconstructed Ethiopic-based character names.
- N3395 (2008-01-28) noted that scholars were not in the practice of using Ethiopic-based character names, but that in addition to Latin transliteration-based names, both North-West Semitic-based names, and Arabic-based names were in general use by scholars.

Ireland believes that, since North-West Semitic-based names are used by scholars, an acceptable compromise would be to use North-West Semitic-based character names, which are used for a number of scripts in the UCS already. Accordingly, Ireland requests that the names in the “NWSem.” column in the table below be used.

OSA	Translit.	IPA	NWSem.	Phoenician	Hebrew	Arabic	Ethiopic
ሁ	<i>h</i>	[h]	HE	𐤀 <i>he</i>	ה <i>he</i>	ه <i>heh</i>	ሀ <i>hoy</i>
ለ	<i>l</i>	[l]	LAMEDH	𐤁 <i>lamd</i>	ל <i>lamed</i>	ل <i>lam</i>	ለ <i>lawe</i>
ሐ	<i>h</i>	[ħ]	HETH	𐤂 <i>het</i>	ח <i>het</i>	ح <i>hah</i>	ሐ <i>ḥawt</i>
ጠ	<i>m</i>	[m]	MEM	𐤃 <i>mem</i>	מ <i>mem</i>	م <i>meem</i>	ጠ <i>māy</i>
ቆ	<i>q</i>	[q]	QOPH	𐤄 <i>qof</i>	ק <i>qof</i>	ق <i>qaf</i>	ቆ <i>qāf</i>
ወ	<i>w</i>	[w]	WAW	𐤅 <i>wau</i>	ו <i>vav</i>	و <i>waw</i>	ወ <i>wawe</i>
ረ	<i>š, s₂</i>	[ʃ]	SHIN	𐤆 <i>shin</i>	ש <i>shin</i>	ش <i>sheen</i>	ረ <i>śawt</i>
ሪ	<i>r</i>	[r]	RESH	𐤇 <i>rosh</i>	ר <i>resh</i>	ر <i>reh</i>	ሪ <i>rə's</i>
በ	<i>b</i>	[b]	BETH	𐤈 <i>bet</i>	ב <i>bet</i>	ب <i>beh</i>	በ <i>bet</i>
ጸ	<i>t</i>	[t]	TAW	𐤉 <i>tau</i>	ת <i>tav</i>	ت <i>teh</i>	ጸ <i>tawe</i>
ሰ	<i>s, s₁</i>	[s]	SAMEKH	𐤊 <i>semk</i>	ס <i>samekh</i>	س <i>seen</i>	ሰ <i>sāt</i>
ሰ	<i>k</i>	[k]	KAPH	𐤋 <i>kaf</i>	כ <i>kaf</i>	ك <i>kaf</i>	ሰ <i>kāf</i>
ነ	<i>n</i>	[n]	NUN	𐤌 <i>nun</i>	נ <i>nun</i>	ن <i>noon</i>	ነ <i>nahās</i>
ከ	<i>h</i>	[x]	KHETH	— —	כּ <i>khet</i>	خ <i>khah</i>	ከ <i>ḥarm</i>
ሰ	<i>š</i>	[tʰ]	SADHE	𐤍 <i>sade</i>	צ <i>tsadi</i>	ص <i>sad</i>	ሰ <i>šaday</i>
ጸ	<i>ś, s₃</i>	[ʃ]	SE	— —	שׁ <i>sin</i>	— —	— —
ፈ	<i>f</i>	[f]	FE	𐤎 <i>pe</i>	פ <i>pe</i>	ف <i>feh</i>	ፈ <i>af</i>
አ	<i>'</i>	[ʔ]	ALEPH	𐤏 <i>alf</i>	א <i>alef</i>	ا <i>alef</i>	አ <i>'alf</i>
ዐ	<i>'</i>	[ʔ]	AYN	◌◌ <i>ain</i>	ע <i>ayin</i>	ع <i>ain</i>	ዐ <i>'ayn</i>
ዘ	<i>d</i>	[ʔ]	DHADI	— —	דּ <i>dhadi</i>	ض <i>dad</i>	ዘ <i>ḍappā</i>
ገ	<i>g</i>	[g]	GIMEL	𐤐 <i>gaml</i>	ג <i>gimel</i>	ج <i>jeem</i>	ገ <i>gaml</i>
ደ	<i>d</i>	[d]	DALETH	𐤑 <i>delt</i>	ד <i>dalet</i>	د <i>dal</i>	ደ <i>dant</i>
ገ	<i>ḡ</i>	[ɣ]	GHAYN	— —	גּ <i>ghayin</i>	غ <i>ghain</i>	— —
ጠ	<i>t</i>	[tʰ]	TETH	𐤒 <i>tet</i>	ט <i>tet</i>	ط <i>tah</i>	ጠ <i>ṭayt</i>
ጸ	<i>z</i>	[z]	ZAYN	𐤓 <i>zai</i>	ז <i>zayin</i>	ز <i>zain</i>	ጸ <i>zay</i>
ደ	<i>d</i>	[ð]	DHALETH	— —	דּ <i>dhalet</i>	ذ <i>thal</i>	— —
የ	<i>y</i>	[j]	YODH	𐤔 <i>yod</i>	י <i>yod</i>	ي <i>yeh</i>	የ <i>yaman</i>
ፈ	<i>t</i>	[θ]	THAW	— —	תּ <i>thav</i>	ث <i>theh</i>	— —
ሐ	<i>z</i>	[θʰ]	THET	— —	תּ <i>thet</i>	ظ <i>zah</i>	— —

T11. Page 88, Row 1700: Tangut. Ireland requests the removal of Tangut from PDAM 6.2. We believe that the script is not yet mature for progression to FPDAM. There are several reasons for this.

11.1. A UTC document L2/08-259 was made available on 2008-07-09, after the balloting period had begun. This is a five-column comparison chart of mappings to source material. It was not made available to SC2 prior to the issuance of the ballot and there has been no opportunity either to review it or to compare it to either the ballot or the original proposal for encoding Tangut.

11.2. A private document “UniTangut_20080821.pdf” was made available on 2008-08-21 by Richard Cook, evidently containing a replacement font with completely different glyphs from those used in the font on the PDAM. This has made any review of the glyphs on the PDAM to be fruitless. When Tangut is eventually put back on a ballot, it will require both PDAM and FPDAM review cycles.

11.3. Discussion on the Unicore list has yielded information that the proposed encoding model for Tangut follows one Tangut scholar’s prescriptive unifications of Tangut characters and expects the use of Variation Selector sequences to distinguish graphically-distinct characters that are used contrastively in the same source. It turns out that this information was given as an aside in the middle of N3307 “Tangut Background” thus: “As with CJK, issues relating to distinctive features and variant mapping can be handled by combination of variation selector (VS) and higher-level protocol (CDL).” We believe that the phrase “As with CJK” is a bit disingenuous, particularly in view of the fact that the document pretended to be unimportant, stating clearly: “No action by WG2 is requested on this document — it is only provided for information.” The statement, however, is a key element regarding the encoding principles for Tangut. Ireland objects to the fact that this information was not put forward in a straightforward fashion for consensus discussion, and rejects the proposal to use Variation Selector sequences to make character distinctions in Tangut.

11.4. With reference to ISO/IEC JTC1/SC2/WG2 N3948 “Expert Feedback on the proposed Tangut character set in PDAM 6.2”, it is clear that the user community of experts does not believe that the script is mature for encoding and does not agree that its tacit encoding conventions (including the use of Variation Selector sequences) are sufficient for their needs.

11.5. With reference to document N3496 “Review of Proposed Tangut Repertoire”, Ireland believes that the proposed character repertoire and encoding model fails to meet the requirements of the user community. We believe that the encoded character repertoire needs to be able to represent all of the graphically-distinct characters found in all the major modern Tangut dictionaries. This is a cornerstone of Tangutology. Ireland does not support adding Tangut to a new amendment until such time as there is genuine consensus on all sides and until a revised proposal has been submitted to WG2.

T12. Page 112, Row 1B00: Nushu. Ireland requests the removal of Nushu from PDAM 6.2. The script is not mature for progression to FPDAM. The font used in PDAM 6.2 is not the latest font available as it was received from Chinese experts after the PDAM had been generated for the SC2 Secretariat. Since it has not been able to review the Nushu character set and glyphs in a meaningful way, we request that Nushu be moved to a new PDAM so that it may receive both PDAM and FPDAM review cycles.

Editorial comments

E1. Page 20, Row 0F0: Tibetan. Ireland suggests that that the following notes be used:

0FCC TIBETAN SYMBOL NOR BU BZHI -KHYIL

- the quadruple body symbol, a form of the svastika

- 0FD6 left-facing svasti sign
- 0FD5 SVASTI SIGN
- 5350 cjk unified ideograph-5350
- 0FD6 LEFT-FACING SVASTI SIGN
- 534D cjk unified ideograph-534d

E2. **Page 40, Row 1CD: Vedic Extensions.** In the annotation to 1CD9 VEDIC TONE YAJURVEDIC KATHAKA INDEPENDENT SVARITA SCHROEDER, for “adho” read “adhah”.

E3. **Page 45, Row 20A: Currency Symbols.** Ireland suggests that that the following notes be used:

- 20B6 LIVERE TOURNOIS SIGN
 - "pound of Tours" used in France from 13th-18th centuries
- 20B7 SPESMILO SIGN
 - historical international currency associated with Esperanto
- 20B8 TENGE SIGN
 - Kazakhstan

E4. **Page 46, Row 215: Number Forms.** Ireland requests that the fonts for the characters under ballot be harmonized with with those of the other fractions.

E5. **Page 55, Row 260: Miscellaneous Symbols.** Ireland suggests that the glyph for 2601 CLOUD be harmonized with the glyphs 26C5 SUN BEHIND CLOUD and that the glyph for 2603 SNOWMAN be harmonized with the glyphs for 26C4 SNOWMAN WITHOUT SNOW and 26C7 BLACK SNOWMAN.

E6. **Page 79, Row 1090: Phoenician.** Ireland suggests that annotations to 002E FULL STOP, 2E31 WORD SEPARATOR MIDDLE DOT be added to 1091F PHOENICIAN WORD SEPARATOR, along with a new note “May be represented as a dot or a short vertical bar”.

E7. **Page 81, Row 10B4: Inscriptional Parthian.** Ireland notes that the glyph at 10B51 does not fit in its cell.

E8. **Page 86, Row 1108: Kaithi.** Ireland requests the correction of the glyphs of the combining characters 11080..11081, 110B1, 110B3..110B6, and 110B9..110BA.

Code tables corresponding to our comments T4, T6, T7, T8, and T10 are attached.

	090	091	092	093	094	095	096	097
0	ं 0900	ऐ 0910	ठ 0920	र 0930	ी 0940	ॐ 0950	ऋ 0960	० 0970
1	ँ 0901	ऑ 0911	ड 0921	ॠ 0931	ु 0941	ं 0951	ॡ 0961	॰ 0971
2	ं 0902	ओ 0912	ढ 0922	ल 0932	ॡ 0942	ॢ 0952	ॣ 0962	ँ 0972
3	ः 0903	ओ 0913	ण 0923	ळ 0933	ॣ 0943	े 0953	। 0963	
4	ऐ 0904	औ 0914	त 0924	ळ 0934	॥ 0944	े 0954	। 0964	
5	अ 0905	क 0915	थ 0925	व 0935	ँ 0945	ँ 0955	॥ 0965	
6	आ 0906	ख 0916	द 0926	श 0936	े 0946		० 0966	
7	इ 0907	ग 0917	घ 0927	ष 0937	े 0947		१ 0967	
8	ई 0908	घ 0918	न 0928	स 0938	ै 0948	ऋ 0958	२ 0968	
9	उ 0909	ङ 0919	न 0929	ह 0939	ॉ 0949	ख 0959	३ 0969	ज़ 0979
A	ऊ 090A	च 091A	प 092A		ो 094A	ग 095A	४ 096A	य 097A
B	ऋ 090B	छ 091B	फ 092B		ो 094B	ज 095B	५ 096B	ग 097B
C	ॠ 090C	ज 091C	ब 092C	़ 093C	ौ 094C	ड 095C	६ 096C	ज 097C
D	ँ 090D	झ 091D	भ 092D	ऽ 093D	्र 094D	ढ 095D	७ 096D	२ 097D
E	ऐ 090E	ञ 091E	म 092E	ा 093E	ि 094E	ऋ 095E	८ 096E	ड 097E
F	ए 090F	ट 091F	य 092F	ि 093F		य 095F	९ 096F	ब 097F

0953	◌े	DEVANAGARI GRAVE ACCENT
0954	◌े́	DEVANAGARI ACUTE ACCENT
0955	◌ेँ	DEVANAGARI VOWEL SIGN CANDRA LONG E used in transliteration of Avestan

Additional consonants

0958	क़	DEVANAGARI LETTER QA ≡ 0915 क़093C ◌
0959	ख़	DEVANAGARI LETTER KHHA ≡ 0916 ख़093C ◌
095A	ग़	DEVANAGARI LETTER GHHA ≡ 0917 ग़093C ◌
095B	ज़	DEVANAGARI LETTER ZA ≡ 091C ज़093C ◌
095C	ड़	DEVANAGARI LETTER DDDHA ≡ 0921 ढ़093C ◌
095D	ढ़	DEVANAGARI LETTER RHA ≡ 0922 ढ़093C ◌
095E	फ़	DEVANAGARI LETTER FA ≡ 092B फ़093C ◌
095F	य़	DEVANAGARI LETTER YYA ≡ 092F य़093C ◌

Additional vowels for Sanskrit

0960	ऋ	DEVANAGARI LETTER VOCALIC RR
0961	ॠ	DEVANAGARI LETTER VOCALIC LL
0962	◌े॒	DEVANAGARI VOWEL SIGN VOCALIC L
0963	◌े॒̄	DEVANAGARI VOWEL SIGN VOCALIC LL

Generic punctuation for scripts of India

These punctuation marks are for common use for the scripts of India despite being named "DEVANAGARI".

0964		DEVANAGARI DANDA = purna viram phrase separator
0965		DEVANAGARI DOUBLE DANDA = deergh viram

Digits

0966	०	DEVANAGARI DIGIT ZERO
0967	१	DEVANAGARI DIGIT ONE
0968	२	DEVANAGARI DIGIT TWO
0969	३	DEVANAGARI DIGIT THREE
096A	४	DEVANAGARI DIGIT FOUR
096B	५	DEVANAGARI DIGIT FIVE
096C	६	DEVANAGARI DIGIT SIX
096D	७	DEVANAGARI DIGIT SEVEN
096E	८	DEVANAGARI DIGIT EIGHT
096F	९	DEVANAGARI DIGIT NINE

Devanagari-specific additions

0970	◌◌	DEVANAGARI ABBREVIATION SIGN
0971	◌◌◌	DEVANAGARI SIGN HIGH SPACING DOT

Additional vowel for Marathi

0972	अँ	DEVANAGARI LETTER CANDRA A Marathi
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Additional consonants

0979	ज़	DEVANAGARI LETTER ZHA used in transliteration of Avestan
097A	य़	DEVANAGARI LETTER HEAVY YA used for an affricated glide → 09AF य़ bengali letter ya

Sindhi implosives

These are added from Amendment 3 to 10646:2003.

097B	ڄ	DEVANAGARI LETTER GGA
097C	ڙ	DEVANAGARI LETTER JJA

















































Glottal stop

097D	◌ʔ	DEVANAGARI LETTER GLOTTAL STOP used for writing Limbu in Devanagari a glyph variant has the connecting top bar
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Sindhi implosives

These are added from Amendment 3 to 10646:2003.

097E	ڳ	DEVANAGARI LETTER DDDA
097F	ڳ	DEVANAGARI LETTER BBA

	1CD	1CE	1CF
0	 1CD0	 1CE0	 1CF0
1	 1CD1	 1CE1	 1CF1
2	 1CD2	 1CE2	 1CF2
3	 1CD3	 1CE3	
4	 1CD4	 1CE4	
5	 1CD5	 1CE5	
6	 1CD6	 1CE6	
7	 1CD7	 1CE7	
8	 1CD8	 1CE8	
9	 1CD9	 1CE9	
A	 1CDA	 1CEA	
B	 1CDB	 1CEB	
C	 1CDC	 1CEC	
D	 1CDD	 1CED	
E	 1CDE	 1CEE	
F	 1CDF	 1CEF	

Tone marks for the Samaveda

- 1CD0 ◌̎ VEDIC TONE KARSHANA
= vaidika saamasvara karshanna
- 1CD1 ◌̎ VEDIC TONE SHARA
= vaidika svarita uurdhva shara
- 1CD2 ◌̎ VEDIC TONE PRENKHA
indicates vibrato
= vaidika saamasvara prenkha
- 1CD3 ˘ VEDIC SIGN NIHSHVASA
= vaidika saamagaana yogakaala

Signs for Yajurvedic

- 1CD4 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN YAJURVEDIC KASHMIRI SVARITA
also used in the Vajasaneyi Madhyandina Samhita
- 1CD5 ◌̎ VEDIC TONE YAJURVEDIC AGGRAVATED INDEPENDENT SVARITA
= vaidika svarita adho nyubja
- 1CD6 ◌̎ VEDIC TONE YAJURVEDIC INDEPENDENT SVARITA
= vaidika svarita adhah konna
- 1CD7 ◌̎ VEDIC TONE YAJURVEDIC KATHAKA INDEPENDENT SVARITA
= vaidika svarita adho vakra rekhaa
- 1CD8 ◌̎ VEDIC TONE CANDRA BELOW
= vaidika svarita adho'rdha vakra
- 1CD9 ◌̎ VEDIC TONE YAJURVEDIC KATHAKA INDEPENDENT SVARITA SCHROEDER
= vaidika svarita adhah samyukta rekhaa
- 1CDA ◌̎ VEDIC TONE DOUBLE SVARITA
= vaidika svarita uurdhva dvi rekhaa
- 1CDB ◌̎ VEDIC TONE TRIPLE SVARITA
= vaidika svarita uurdhva tri rekhaa
- 1CDC ◌̎ VEDIC TONE KATHAKA ANUDATTA
= vaidika svarita adho rekhaa
- 1CDD ◌̎ VEDIC TONE DOT BELOW
= vaidika svarita adho bindu

Tone marks for the Satapathabrahmana

- 1CDE ◌̎ VEDIC TONE TWO DOTS BELOW
= vaidika svarita adho dvi bindu
- 1CDF ◌̎ VEDIC TONE THREE DOTS BELOW
= vaidika svarita adhas tri bindu

Tone mark for the Rigveda

- 1CE0 ◌̎ VEDIC TONE RIGVEDIC KASHMIRI INDEPENDENT SVARITA
= vaidika uurdhva vakra rekhaa

Tone mark for the Atharvaveda

- 1CE1 ◌̎ VEDIC TONE ATHARVAVEDIC INDEPENDENT SVARITA
= vaidika svarita dvi vakra khaanda

Diacritics for visarga

- 1CE2 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN VISARGA SVARITA
= vaidika madhyarekhaa
- 1CE3 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN VISARGA UDATTA
= vaidika visarga dakshinnatah uurdhvaga
- 1CE4 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN REVERSED VISARGA UDATTA
= vaidika visarga vaamatah uurdhvaga

- 1CE5 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN VISARGA ANUDATTA
= vaidika visarga vaamatah adhoga
- 1CE6 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN REVERSED VISARGA ANUDATTA
= vaidika visarga dakshinnatah adhoga
- 1CE7 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN VISARGA UDATTA WITH TAIL
= vaidika visarga dakshinnatah uurdhva vakra
- 1CE8 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN VISARGA ANUDATTA WITH TAIL
= vaidika visarga vaamatah adho vakra

Marks of nasalization

- 1CE9 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN ANUSVARA ANTARGOMUKHA
= vaidika anusvaara antarmukha
- 1CEA ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN ANUSVARA BAHIRGOMUKHA
= vaidika anusvaara naagaphanna
- 1CEB ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN ANUSVARA VAMAGOMUKHA
= vaidika anusvaara vaamamukha
- 1CEC ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN ANUSVARA VAMAGOMUKHA WITH TAIL
= vaidika anusvaara vaamamukha sa-vakra
- 1CED ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN TIRYAK
= vaidika tiryak
- 1CEE ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN HEXIFORM LONG ANUSVARA
= vaidika anusvaara anugamii
- 1CEF ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN LONG ANUSVARA
= vaidika anusvaara dakshinnamukha
- 1CF0 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN RTHANG LONG ANUSVARA
= vaidika anusvaara ttha-sadrisha
- 1CF1 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN ANUSVARA UBHAYATO MUKHA
= vaidika anusvaara ubhayato mukha

Ardhavisarga

- 1CF2 ◌̎ VEDIC SIGN ARDHAVISARGA
= vaidika jihvaamuuliiya upadhmaaniya

	A8E	A8F
0	० A8E0	वि A8F0
1	१ A8E1	ॡ A8F1
2	२ A8E2	ॢ A8F2
3	३ A8E3	ॣ A8F3
4	४ A8E4	। A8F4
5	५ A8E5	॥ A8F5
6	६ A8E6	० A8F6
7	७ A8E7	ॠ A8F7
8	८ A8E8	ॡ A8F8
9	९ A8E9	ॢ A8F9
A	अ A8EA	ॣ A8FA
B	उ A8EB	। A8FB
C	क A8EC	
D	न A8ED	
E	प A8EE	
F	र A8EF	

Cantillation marks for the Samaveda

A8E0	◌̐	COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT ZERO = vaidika saamasvara anka shuunya
A8E1	◌̑	COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT ONE = vaidika saamasvara anka eka udaatta
A8E2	◌̒	COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT TWO = vaidika saamasvara anka dvi svarita
A8E3	◌̓	COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT THREE = vaidika saamasvara anka tri anudaatta
A8E4	◌̔	COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT FOUR = vaidika saamasvara anka chatur
A8E5	◌̕	COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT FIVE = vaidika saamasvara anka pancha
A8E6	◌̖	COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT SIX = vaidika saamasvara anka shatt
A8E7	◌̗	COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT SEVEN = vaidika saamasvara anka sapta
A8E8	◌̘	COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT EIGHT = vaidika saamasvara anka ashta
A8E9	◌̙	COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT NINE = vaidika saamasvara anka nava
A8EA	◌̚	COMBINING DEVANAGARI LETTER A = vaidika saamasvara abhinihita
A8EB	◌̛	COMBINING DEVANAGARI LETTER U = vaidika saamasvara u
A8EC	◌̜	COMBINING DEVANAGARI LETTER KA = vaidika saamasvara ka
A8ED	◌̝	COMBINING DEVANAGARI LETTER NA = vaidika saamasvara namana
A8EE	◌̞	COMBINING DEVANAGARI LETTER PA = vaidika saamasvara prannatam
A8EF	◌̟	COMBINING DEVANAGARI LETTER RA = vaidika saamasvara ra
A8F0	◌̠	COMBINING DEVANAGARI LETTER VI = vaidika saamasvara vinata
A8F1	◌̡	COMBINING DEVANAGARI SIGN AVAGRAHA = vaidika saamasvara diirghiibhaava
























Marks of nasalization

A8F2	◌̣	DEVANAGARI SIGN SPACING CANDRABINDU = vaidika candrabindu
A8F3	◌̤	DEVANAGARI SIGN CANDRABINDU VIRAMA = vaidika anusvaara candrabindu tiryak
A8F4	◌̥	DEVANAGARI SIGN DOUBLE CANDRABINDU VIRAMA = vaidika anusvaara dvi candrabindu tiryak
A8F5	◌̦	DEVANAGARI SIGN CANDRABINDU TWO = vaidika anusvaara candrabindu sa-dvi
A8F6	◌̧	DEVANAGARI SIGN CANDRABINDU THREE = vaidika anusvaara candrabindu sa-tri
A8F7	◌̨	DEVANAGARI SIGN CANDRABINDU AVAGRAHA = vaidika anusvaara candrabindu sa-avagraha

Editorial marks



A8F8	◌̩	DEVANAGARI SIGN PUSHPIKA = vaidika pushpikaa used as a placeholder or “filler” often flanked by double dandas
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A8F9	◌̪	DEVANAGARI GAP FILLER used to indicate that a gap in a manuscript or text is not a lacuna
A8FA	◌̫	DEVANAGARI CARET = vaidika trutikaa zero-advance character centred on the point between two orthographic syllables
A8FB	◌̬	DEVANAGARI HEADSTROKE = shirorekhaa used to indicate uncertain manuscript readings



	AAE	AAF
0	 AAE0	 AAF0
1	 AAE1	 AAF1
2	 AAE2	 AAF2
3	 AAE3	 AAF3
4	 AAE4	 AAF4
5	 AAE5	 AAF5
6	 AAE6	 AAF6
7	 AAE7	
8	 AAE8	
9	 AAE9	
A	 AAEA	
B	 AAEB	
C	 AAEC	
D	 AAED	
E	 AAEE	
F	 AAEF	

The characters here are extensions for historical orthographies of Meetei and are not specified in the Manupuri Government order No. 1/2/78-SS/E.






Independent vowel signs

AAE0  MEETEI MAYEK LETTER E
AAE1  MEETEI MAYEK LETTER O






Consonants

AAE2  MEETEI MAYEK LETTER CHA
AAE3  MEETEI MAYEK LETTER NYA
AAE4  MEETEI MAYEK LETTER TTA
AAE5  MEETEI MAYEK LETTER TTHA
AAE6  MEETEI MAYEK LETTER DDA
AAE7  MEETEI MAYEK LETTER DDHA
AAE8  MEETEI MAYEK LETTER NNA
AAE9  MEETEI MAYEK LETTER SHA
AAEA  MEETEI MAYEK LETTER SSA




Dependent vowel signs

































































AAEB  MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN II
AAEC  MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN UU
AAED  MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN AAI
AAEE  MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN AU
AAEF  MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN AAU

Punctuation

AAF0  MEETEI MAYEK CHEIKHAN
= danda
AAF1  MEETEI MAYEK AHANG KHUDAM
= question mark
AAF2  MEETEI MAYEK ANJI
AAF3  MEETEI MAYEK SYLLABLE REPETITION
MARK
AAF4  MEETEI MAYEK WORD REPETITION
MARK

Various signs

AAE5  MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN VISARGA
AAE6  MEETEI MAYEK VIRAMA
used to form conjuncts in historical
orthographies
→ 1039  myanmar sign virama

	ABC	ABD	ABE	ABF
0	 ABC0	 ABD0	 ABE0	 ABF0
1	 ABC1	 ABD1	 ABE1	 ABF1
2	 ABC2	 ABD2	 ABE2	 ABF2
3	 ABC3	 ABD3	 ABE3	 ABF3
4	 ABC4	 ABD4	 ABE4	 ABF4
5	 ABC5	 ABD5	 ABE5	 ABF5
6	 ABC6	 ABD6	 ABE6	 ABF6
7	 ABC7	 ABD7	 ABE7	 ABF7
8	 ABC8	 ABD8	 ABE8	 ABF8
9	 ABC9	 ABD9	 ABE9	 ABF9
A	 ABCA	 ABDA	 ABEA	
B	 ABCB	 ABDB	 ABEB	
C	 ABCC	 ABDC	 ABEC	
D	 ABCD	 ABDD	 ABED	
E	 ABCE	 ABDE		
F	 ABCF	 ABDF		

The name "Meetei Mayek" is used in official documentation in Manipur. Many linguists also use the name "Meitei Mayek", and other transliterations also occur.

Letters

ABC0	𑀀	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER KOK = ka
ABC1	𑀁	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER SAM = sa
ABC2	𑀂	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER LAI = la
ABC3	𑀃	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER MIT = ma
ABC4	𑀄	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER PA
ABC5	𑀅	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER NA
ABC6	𑀆	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER CHIL = ca
ABC7	𑀇	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER TIL = ta
ABC8	𑀈	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER KHOU = kha
ABC9	𑀉	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER NGOU = nga
ABCA	𑀊	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER THOU = tha
ABCB	𑀋	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER WAI = wa
ABCC	𑀌	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER YANG = ya
ABCD	𑀍	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER HUK = ha
ABCE	𑀎	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER UN = u
ABCF	𑀏	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER I
ABD0	𑀐	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER PHAM = pha
ABD1	𑀑	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER ATIYA = a
ABD2	𑀒	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER GOK = ga
ABD3	𑀓	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER JHAM = jha
ABD4	𑀔	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER RAI = ra
ABD5	𑀕	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER BA
ABD6	𑀖	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER JIL = ja
ABD7	𑀗	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER DIL = da
ABD8	𑀘	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER GHOU = gha
ABD9	𑀙	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER DHOU = dha
ABDA	𑀚	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER BHAM = bha

Final consonants

ABDB	𑀛	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER KOK LONSUM = k
ABDC	𑀜	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER LAI LONSUM = l

ABDD	𑀝	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER MIT LONSUM = m
ABDE	𑀞	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER PA LONSUM = p
ABDF	𑀟	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER NA LONSUM = n
ABE0	𑀠	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER TIL LONSUM = t
ABE1	𑀡	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER NGOU LONSUM = ng
ABE2	𑀢	MEETEI MAYEK LETTER I LONSUM = i

Dependent vowel signs

































ABE3	𑀣	MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN ONAP = o
ABE4	𑀤	MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN INAP = i
ABE5	𑀥	MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN ANAP = aa
ABE6	𑀦	MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN YENAP = e
ABE7	𑀧	MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN SOUNAP = ou
ABE8	𑀨	MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN UNAP = u
ABE9	𑀩	MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN CHEINAP = ei
ABEA	𑀪	MEETEI MAYEK VOWEL SIGN NUNG = anusvara

Punctuation






























ABEB	𑀫	MEETEI MAYEK CHEIKHEI = double danda
ABEC	𑀬	MEETEI MAYEK LUM IYEK = heavy tone
ABED	𑀭	MEETEI MAYEK APUN IYEK = killer → 103A 𑀮 myanmar sign asat

Digits




ABF0	𑀯	MEETEI MAYEK DIGIT ZERO = phun
ABF1	𑀰	MEETEI MAYEK DIGIT ONE = ama
ABF2	𑀱	MEETEI MAYEK DIGIT TWO = ani
ABF3	𑀲	MEETEI MAYEK DIGIT THREE = ahum
ABF4	𑀳	MEETEI MAYEK DIGIT FOUR = mari
ABF5	𑀴	MEETEI MAYEK DIGIT FIVE = manga
ABF6	𑀵	MEETEI MAYEK DIGIT SIX = taruk
ABF7	𑀶	MEETEI MAYEK DIGIT SEVEN = taret
ABF8	𑀷	MEETEI MAYEK DIGIT EIGHT = nipal
ABF9	𑀸	MEETEI MAYEK DIGIT NINE = mapal

	10A6	10A7
0	 10A60	 10A70
1	 10A61	 10A71
2	 10A62	 10A72
3	 10A63	 10A73
4	 10A64	 10A74
5	 10A65	 10A75
6	 10A66	 10A76
7	 10A67	 10A77
8	 10A68	 10A78
9	 10A69	 10A79
A	 10A6A	 10A7A
B	 10A6B	 10A7B
C	 10A6C	 10A7C
D	 10A6D	 10A7D
E	 10A6E	 10A7E
F	 10A6F	 10A7F

Letters

10A60		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER HE
10A61		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER LAMEDH
10A62		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER HETH
10A63		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER MEM
10A64		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER QOPH
10A65		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER WAW
10A66		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER SHIN
10A67		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER RESH
10A68		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER BETH
10A69		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER TAW
10A6A		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER SAMEKH
10A6B		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER KAPH
10A6C		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER NUN
10A6D		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER KHETH
10A6E		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER SADHE
10A6F		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER SIN
10A70		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER FE
10A71		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER ALEPH
10A72		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER AYN
10A73		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER DHADI
10A74		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER GIMEL
10A75		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER DALETH
10A76		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER GHAYN
10A77		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER TETH
10A78		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER ZAYN
10A79		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER DHALETH
10A7A		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER YODH
10A7B		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER THAW
10A7C		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN LETTER THET

Numbers

10A7D		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN NUMBER ONE
10A7E		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN NUMBER FIFTY
10A7F		OLD SOUTH ARABIAN NUMERIC INDICATOR

Template for comments and secretariat observations

Date:	Document:
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1	2	(3)	4	5	(6)	(7)
MB ¹	Clause No./ Subclause No./ Annex (e.g. 3.1)	Paragraph/ Figure/Table/ Note (e.g. Table 1)	Type of com- ment ²	Comment (justification for change) by the MB	Proposed change by the MB	Secretariat observations on each comment submitted
JP	3		ed	"[Date TBD]" should be filled with correct dates.		
JP	N/A	Names list for Currency Symbols (20A0-20CF) on page 45.	te	The glyph for a new character 20B8 TENGE SIGN is similar to 3012 POSTAL MARK. It is possible that users confuse these two characters.	Add "→ 3012 POSTAL MARK" under "TENGE SIGN". Also add "→ 20B8 TENGE SIGN" under the POSTAL MARK. (The name list for POSTAL MARK is not included in the current draft.)	
JP	N/A	Code charts and Name lists on page 70 - 72, 76 - 82, and 85	ed	The code chars and names lists for some blocks are on a same page, as in Unicode book. In ISO/IEC 10646, the code chart and name list should be on separate page, even in case the block is small.		

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NOTE Columns 1, 2, 4, 5 are compulsory.

ISO/IEC JTC 1/SC 2 N4028

ISO/IEC 10646: 2003/PDAM 6.2, Information technology - Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) - AMENDMENT 6: Javanese, Lisu, Meetei Mayek, Samaritan, and other characters

KR Comments :

T1. p. 64, left column,

- We suggest that "Parenthesized Hangul elements" be changed to "Parenthesized Hangul letters"

- rationale: These are Hangul letters. They are not called "elements".

T2. p. 66, left column,

- We suggest that "Circled Hangul elements" be changed to "Circled Hangul letters"

- rationale: These are Hangul letters. They are not called "elements".

T3. pp. 55 and 59, U26CC ~ 26E2 (23 characters)

- We suggest that those characters be moved to a separate block called "Traffic signs" (or a similar name).

- rationale: It is expected that more traffic signs would be added in the future by several countries (Republic of Korea will be one of them). Therefore it would be better to assign a separate block for traffic signs and allocate them to a single block. We expect that the number of traffic sign characters will be quite many, which justifies assigning a separate block.

T4. pp. 63 and 65, U3248 ~ 324F (8 characters)

- We suggest that those characters be moved to a separate block called "Traffic signs" (or a similar name). As a result 31 (= 23 + 8) characters will be moved to a new block called ""Traffic signs".
- rationale: see T3.

T5. pp. 55 and 59, U26E3 ~ 26FF (31 characters)

- We suggest that those (or some of them; see Note below) characters be moved to a separate block called "Map symbols" (or "Dictionary and map symbols" or a similar name).
- Note. We do not know whether all these symbols are used both in dictionaries and maps; or some of them in dictionaries and the others in maps.

- rationale: It is expected that more map symbols would be added in the future by several countries (Republic of Korea will be one of them). Therefore it would be better to assign a separate block for map symbols and allocate them to a single block. We expect that the number of map symbol characters will be quite many, which justifies assigning a separate block.

Template for comments and secretariat observations

Date: 2008-09-19

Document: ISO/IEC 10646 PDAM 6

1	2	(3)	4	5	(6)	(7)
MB ¹	Clause No./ Subclause No./ Annex (e.g. 3.1)	Paragraph/ Figure/Table/ Note (e.g. Table 1)	Type of com- ment ²	Comment (justification for change) by the MB	Proposed change by the MB	Secretariat observations on each comment submitted
UK GB	All		ge	It is a very large amendment with some controversial additions The two new proposed scripts (Nüshu and Tangut) are not yet mature. The UK votes to DISAPPROVE this amendment, with the following general, editorial and technical comments. Satisfactory resolution of comments T.3, T.4, T.5 and T.6 will change our vote to APPROVAL.		
UK GB	G.1	Fonts for Large Character Sets	ge	We strongly believe that for any large set of characters, the expected final font must be used in both the PDAM and FPDAM ballots. In PDAM6.2 both Tangut and Nushu were put under ballot with a font that their proposers knew to be obsolete. This made it impossible to properly review the characters under ballot, and effectively invalidates the ballot stage for these two sets of characters. We request that in future it is ensured that the final font for any large set of characters is ready and has been made available to the project editor before the set of characters is accepted for addition to an amendment.		
UK GB	E.1	Page 25, Clause 29 Named UCS Sequence Identifiers	ed	"Insert the additional 289 sequence identifiers" There are in fact 290 sequence identifiers.		
UK GB	T.1.	Page 25, Clause 29 Named UCS Sequence Identifiers	te	<0B95, 0BCD, 0BB7 > TAMIL SYLLABLE KSSA A better name for this sequence (KA + VIRAMA + SSA) would be TAMIL LETTER KSSA as all the other sequences named SYLLABLE have an explicit final vowel, but this sequence is analogous to a simple Tamil letter.		
UK GB	T.2.	Tibetan : Symbols used in Buddhism	te	0FD5 TIBETAN SYMBOL GYUNG DRUNG NANG - KHOR 0FD6 TIBETAN SYMBOL GYUNG DRUNG PHYI -KHOR 0FD7 TIBETAN SYMBOL GYUNG DRUNG NANG -		

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Template for comments and secretariat observations

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		and Hinduism		<p>KHOR BZHI MIG CAN 0FD8 TIBETAN SYMBOL GYUNG DRUNG PHYI -KHOR BZHI MIG CAN</p> <p>The UK is happy with the names of these characters as they are, as they follow the established practice of using Tibetan names for characters in the Tibetan block. However, if there is consensus to change the names of these characters to use non-Tibetan names, then we would prefer to see these four characters moved out of the Tibetan block, so as to ensure that the naming convention used for characters in the Tibetan block remains consistent.</p>		
UK GB	T.3.	Myanmar Extended-A	te	The UK requests that the fourteen characters at AA60..AA6D be replaced with twenty-seven characters at AA60..AA7A as documented in N3492 "Extended Proposal to add Khamti Shan Characters to the Myanmar Blocks".		
UK GB	T.4.	Old Turkic	te	<p>A. Based on N3357 Figs. 1b, 2, 5, 6, 7 and 8 we believe that: 10C1C OLD TURKIC LETTER ORKHON OK should be named OLD TURKIC LETTER YENISEI OEK 10C2E OLD TURKIC LETTER ORKHON OP should be named OLD TURKIC LETTER ORKHON OEK and ordered before 10C1C We note that Fig. 1c says that 10C2E is also used for UP in manuscripts, but from all the figures given in N3357 it would seem that this character primarily represents OEK.</p> <p>B. Based on N3357 Fig.2 we believe that: 10C2C OLD TURKIC LETTER YENISEI ENG should be named OLD TURKIC LETTER YENISEI AENG and</p>		

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2 Type of comment: ge = general te = technical ed = editorial

NOTE Columns 1, 2, 4, 5 are compulsory.

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MB ¹	Clause No./ Subclause No./ Annex (e.g. 3.1)	Paragraph/ Figure/Table/ Note (e.g. Table 1)	Type of comment ²	Comment (justification for change) by the MB	Proposed change by the MB	Secretariat observations on each comment submitted
				<p>ordered before 10C2B</p> <p>C. Based on N3357 Figs. 1b, 6 and 7 we believe that the following character should be added after 10C25 OLD TURKIC LETTER ORKHON ENT: OLD TURKIC LETTER YENISEI ENT The glyph for this character is a circle with a dot in the middle, as shown in N3357 Figs. 1b, 6 and 7.</p> <p>D. It is not clear from N3357 why the following two characters are so named: 10C3D OLD TURKIC LETTER ORKHON ASH 10C3E OLD TURKIC LETTER YENISEI ASH From Fig.2 it would seem that they are both alternate forms of Yenesei ESH, in which case they should be named OLD TURKIC LETTER YENISEI ESH FIRST ALTERNATE FORM and OLD TURKIC LETTER YENISEI ESH SECOND ALTERNATE FORM. We request confirmation from the appropriate experts that the names under ballot are correct.</p>		
UK GB	T.5.	Tangut	te	<p>A. Because the font used for the PDAM6.2 code charts was a draft font that is to be replaced by a completely new font, we have been unable to meaningfully review the set of Tangut characters for glyph correctness. As this is a very large set of complex characters, it is essential that the correct font is used for both rounds of technical ballots, otherwise there is a strong possibility of glyph errors being overlooked. We therefore request that Tangut be removed from Amd.6.</p> <p>B. With reference to documents N3496 "Review of Proposed Tangut Repertoire" and N3498 "Expert</p>		

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Template for comments and secretariat observations

Date: 2008-09-19

Document: ISO/IEC 10646 PDAM 6

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				<p>Feedback on the proposed Tangut character set in PDAM 6.2", we believe that the currently proposed character repertoire does not adequately meet the requirements of the user community, and that the character repertoire needs to be expanded to cover all graphically distinct characters in use in all the major modern Tangut dictionaries. We would not support adding Tangut to a new amendment until there is consensus amongst all parties as to the exact set of Tangut characters to be encoded, and a revised proposal has been submitted to WG2.</p> <p>C. The UK affirms its opposition to the use of variation sequences to represent graphically distinct characters that are used contrastively in the same source. Since variation selectors are default ignorable there is no guarantee that a variation sequence comprising a base character plus a variation selector will be rendered any differently to the base character by itself. This means that variation sequences are not a viable solution for Tangut scholars.</p>		
UK GB	T.6.	Nushu	te	<p>A. Because the final font for Nushu was not available for use in the PDAM6.2 code charts, we have been unable to properly evaluate the set of characters under ballot. We therefore request that Nushu be removed from Amd.6.</p> <p>B. With reference to document N3449 "Review of Nushu Proposal", we are concerned that the character repertoire is not yet stable, and that issues such as unification and how to deal with attested characters that are not proposed for encoding are not dealt with adequately in</p>		

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				<p>the latest proposal (N3463). Before Nushu is accepted onto a new ballot we would like to see a clear set of encoding principles defined that can be used as criteria for evaluating both the current proposed repertoire and any future proposal for additional Nūshu characters.</p> <p>C. The current character names are not acceptable, as the use of an appended letter A, B, C, etc. to differentiate characters with the same pronunciation is ambiguous in some cases. We suggest using a hyphen to separate the pronunciation part of the name from an appended letter or number. We request that a new list of character names is provided before Nushu is accepted onto a new ballot.</p> <p>D. We request that the code charts note that the correct name of the script is "Nūshu", but that due to restrictions on the characters allowed for script and block names it is named "Nushu" in the standard.</p>		

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² **Type of comment:** **ge** = general **te** = technical **ed** = editorial

NOTE Columns 1, 2, 4, 5 are compulsory.

INCITS/L2/08- 330

Date: August 25, 2008

Title: Comments accompanying the U.S. negative vote on PDAM 6.2 to ISO/IEC 10646:2003

Source: INCITS/L2

Action: Forward to INCITS

The U.S. National Body is voting No with comments on the following SC2 ballot: SC2N3943: Information technology -- Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set (UCS) -- AMENDMENT 6.2: Javanese, Lisu, Meetei Mayek, Samaritan, and other characters. If T1, T2, T3, T5, and T7 are accommodated, the U.S. will change its vote to Yes.

Technical Comments:

T.1. Devanagari, Vedic Extensions, and Devanagari Extended

The U.S. is requesting the following new characters be added, with glyphs as shown in document N3488 (L2/08-273R2).

Devanagari

094E DEVANAGARI VOWEL SIGN PRISHTHAMATRA E

Vedic

1CD4 VEDIC SIGN YAJURVEDIC KASHMIRI SVARITA

1CE9 VEDIC SIGN ANUSVARA ANTARGOMUKHA

1CEA VEDIC SIGN ANUSVARA BAHIRGOMUKHA

1CEB VEDIC SIGN ANUSVARA VAMAGOMUKHA

1CEC VEDIC SIGN ANUSVARA VAMAGOMUKHA WITH TAIL

1CF1 VEDIC SIGN ANUSVARA UBHAYATO MUKHA

Devanagari Extended

A8F9 DEVANAGARI GAP FILLER

A8FB DEVANAGARI HEADSTROKE

The U.S. requests the following characters be moved:

Devanagari

0973 DEVANAGARI SIGN PUSHPIKA move to: U+A8F8

0974 DEVANAGARI CARET move to: U+A8FA

Vedic

1CF1 VEDIC SIGN ARDHAVISARGA move to: U+1CF2

The above changes have been extensively reviewed by Vedic experts in the U.S. and India.

T.2. Tibetan

The U.S. requests changes in the names of the characters at code positions 0FD5-0FD8 in the amendment as follows:

0FD5 RIGHT-FACING SVASTI SIGN

0FD6 LEFT-FACING SVASTI SIGN

0FD7 RIGHT-FACING SVASTI SIGN WITH DOTS

0FD8 LEFT-FACING SVASTI SIGN WITH DOTS

This request comes after consultation with India and experts in the U.S., who find the new names more meaningful.

T.3. Meetei Mayek

The U.S. requests the 78 characters in the Meetei Mayek block, now at 1C80-1CCE, be removed from the amendment at this location.

A replacement block of Meetei Mayek characters, as listed in WG2 N3473R (L2/08-232R), should be placed at ABC0-ABFF. This block of 56 characters draws on a subset of the 55 characters currently on ballot plus one additional character (below). The order and names of the characters in the new set reflect those specified by the Education Department of the Government of Manipur.

The U.S. requests the addition of one character, MEETEI MAYEK I LONSUM, at position ABE2 in the new Meetei Mayek block.

Twenty-three historical characters, including 19 historical characters presently located in positions 1CBA to 1CCE and 1CAC MEETEI MAYEK DANDA and 1CAE MEETEI MAYEK QUESTION MARK, should be removed from the amendment for future study and possible future ballot.

The listing of Meetei Mayek characters in the Annex B List of combining characters should be updated to be consistent with the revised repertoire and code positions for Meetei Mayek characters in the amendment.

T.4. Myanmar Extended-A

The U.S. is in favor of adding the following characters as documented in WG2 N3492 (L2/08-276) in the Myanmar Extended-A block:

AA60 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI GA
AA62 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI CHA
AA63 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI JA
AA64 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI JHA
AA66 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI TTA
AA67 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI TTHA
AA68 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI DDA
AA69 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI DDHA
AA6A MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI DHA
AA6E MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI HHA
AA74 MYANMAR LOGOGRAM KHAMTI OAY
AA75 MYANMAR LOGOGRAM KHAMTI QN
AA76 MYANMAR LOGOGRAM KHAMTI HM

The U.S. is in favor of changing the following names as documented in N3492 (L2/08-276):
(new codepoint) AA61 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI TSA change name to: MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI CA
(new codepoint) AA70 MYANMAR SYMBOL KHAMTI REDUPLICATION change name to: MYANMAR MODIFIER LETTER KHAMTI REDUPLICATION

The U.S. is in favor of moving the following characters as documented in L2/08-276:

AA60 (new name) MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI CA to: AA61
AA61 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI SA to: AA6C
AA62 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI NYA to: AA65
AA63 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI NA to: AA6B

AA64 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI RA to: AA73
AA65 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI HA to: AA6D
AA66 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI XA to: AA71
AA67 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI ZA to: AA72
AA68 MYANMAR LETTER KHAMTI FA to: AA6F
AA69 (new name) MYANMAR MODIFIER LETTER KHAMTI REDUPLICATION to: AA70
AA6A MYANMAR LETTER AITON RA to: AA7A
AA6B MYANMAR SYMBOL AITON EXCLAMATION to: AA77
AA6C MYANMAR SYMBOL AITON ONE to: AA78
AA6D MYANMAR SYMBOL AITON TWO to: AA79

T.5. Myanmar Extended-A

Consistent with the name change for AA69 MYANMAR SYMBOL KHAMTI REDUPLICATION to AA70 MYANMAR MODIFIER LETTER KHAMTI REDUPLICATION, the U.S. requests that the entry for AA69 be removed from the Annex B List of combining characters.

T.6. Japanese TV Symbols

The U.S. is in favor of the following name changes, based on feedback:

26CE TRAFFIC WARNING change to: HEAVY EXCLAMATION MARK SYMBOL
26D5 ALTERNATE ONE-WAY TRAFFIC change to: ALTERNATE ONE-WAY LEFT WAY TRAFFIC
26D6 BLACK TWO WAY TRAFFIC change to: BLACK TWO WAY LEFT WAY TRAFFIC
26D7 WHITE TWO WAY TRAFFIC change to: WHITE TWO WAY LEFT WAY TRAFFIC
26D8 BLACK LANE MERGE change to: BLACK LEFT LANE MERGE
26D9 WHITE LANE MERGE change to: WHITE LEFT LANE MERGE
26DA DRIVE SLOW change to: DRIVE SLOW SIGN
26DC CLOSED ENTRY change to: LEFT CLOSED ENTRY
26E0 RESTRICTED ENTRY 1 change to: RESTRICTED LEFT ENTRY 1
26E1 RESTRICTED ENTRY 2 change to: RESTRICTED LEFT ENTRY 2
26ED FACTORY change to: GEAR WITHOUT HUB
26EF LIGHTHOUSE change to: BEACON
26F4 BLACK BOAT change to: FERRY
26F5 WHITE SAILBOAT change to: SAILBOAT
26FC GRAVEYARD change to: HEADSTONE GRAVEYARD SYMBOL

T.7. Nūshu

The U.S. requests more time to evaluate Nūshu. Because the font was received after the deadline for the second PDAM, the U.S. has not had adequate time to evaluate the proposal and the font properly. The proposal needs some disambiguation in the character names. The U.S. supports moving Nūshu to a subsequent amendment, in order to provide all national bodies with the full period for technical review with the correct font.

T.8. Tangut

The U.S. reaffirms its strong support for the inclusion of Tangut in amendment 6. A revised multi-column chart now includes data from a font from PRC. This proposal has had extensive review.

T.9. Miscellaneous Symbols

The U.S. request the addition of one character to the Miscellaneous Symbols block: 26BD SOCCER BALL. This character is being added in this location as it fits semantically with other such symbols, such

as “baseball.”

To accommodate this addition, the U.S. suggests that the following two characters in the amendment be moved down by one code position:

26BD BASEBALL change to: 26BE

26BE SQUARED LOCK change to: 26BF.

Editorial Comments

E1. Devanagari, Vedic Extensions, and Devanagari Extended

a. The U.S. requests the following changes to the annotations be made in the Devanagari block as given in document N3488:

097A: remove cross-reference to 09AF Bengali letter ya and amend the annotation from “used for an affricated glide” to “used for an affricated glide i.e., JJYA”

b. The following name aliases should be used in the Vedic Extensions and Devanagari Extensions blocks. These name aliases provide the Sanskrit names for these accents and signs, and have been requested by Vedic scholars in India to assist in identification of the characters.

Vedic Extensions

1CD3 VEDIC SIGN NIHSHVASA

= vaidika saamagaana yogakaala

1CD6 VEDIC TONE YAJURVEDIC INDEPENDENT SVARITA

=vaidika svarita adhah konna

1CD7 VEDIC TONE YAJURVEDIC KATHAKA

INDEPENDENT SVARITA

=vaidika svarita adho vakra rekhaa

1CD8 VEDIC TONE CANDRA BELOW

=vaidika svarita adho'rdha vakra

1CD9 VEDIC TONE YAJURVEDIC KATHAKA INDEPENDENT SVARITA SCHROEDER

=vaidika svarita adhah samyukta rekhaa

1CDA VEDIC TONE DOUBLE SVARITA

= vaidika svarita uurdhva dvi rekhaa

1CDB VEDIC TONE TRIPLE SVARITA

= vaidika svarita uurdhva tri rekhaa

1CDF VEDIC TONE THREE DOTS BELOW

= vaidika svarita adhas tri bindu

1CE0 VEDIC TONE RIGVEDIC KASHMIRI INDEPENDENT SVARITA

= vaidika uurdhva vakra rekhaa

1CE1 VEDIC TONE ATHARVAVEDIC INDEPENDENT SVARITA

= vaidika svarita dvi vakra khaanda

1CE2 VEDIC SIGN VISARGA SVARITA
= vaidika madhyarekhaa

1CEC VEDIC SIGN ANUSVARA VAMAGOMUKHA WITH TAIL
= vaidika anusvaara vaamamukha sa-vakra

1CEE □ VEDIC SIGN HEXIFORM LONG ANUSVARA
= vaidika anusvaara anugamii

1CF0 VEDIC SIGN RTHANG LONG ANUSVARA
= vaidika anusvaara ttha-sadrisha

1CF1 DEVANAGARI SIGN ANUSVARA UBHAYATO MUKHA
= vaidika anusvaara ubhayato mukha

1CF2 VEDIC SIGN ARDHAVISARGA
= vaidika jihvaamuuliiya upadhmaaniya

Devanagari Extended

A8E1 COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT ONE
= vaidika saamasvara anka eka udaatta

A8E3 COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT THREE
= vaidika saamasvara anka tri anudaatta

A8E6 COMBINING DEVANAGARI DIGIT SIX
= vaidika saamasvara anka shatt

A8F5 DEVANAGARI SIGN CANDRABINDU TWO
= vaidika anusvaara candrabindu sa-dvi

A8F6 DEVANAGARI SIGN CANDRABINDU
THREE
= vaidika anusvaara candrabindu sa-tri

A8F7 DEVANAGARI SIGN CANDRABINDU
AVAGRAHA
= vaidika anusvaara candrabindu sa-avagraha