

Universal Multiple-Octet Coded Character Set  
 International Organization for Standardization  
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 Международная организация по стандартизации

**Doc Type: Working Group Document****Title:** Proposal for encoding the Psalter Pahlavi script in the SMP of the UCS**Source:** UC Berkeley Script Encoding Initiative (Universal Scripts Project)**Authors:** Michael Everson and Roozbeh Pournader**Status:** Liaison Contribution**Action:** For consideration by JTC1/SC2/WG2 and UTC**Date:** 2011-05-06**Replaces:** N3286R2 (2007-09-18)

**1. Introduction.** The Psalter Pahlavi script was used to write Middle Persian. A conservative variety of Pahlavi used by Christians in Iran, it is so named because of its use in a fragmentary manuscript of the Psalms of David.

**2. Processing.** Psalter Pahlavi is an alphabetic script written right-to-left, usually with spaces between words. The script has fully-developed joining behaviour. The table below shows the joining forms.

***Dual-joining Psalter Pahlavi Characters***

Character	X <sub>n</sub>	X <sub>r</sub>	X <sub>m</sub>	X <sub>l</sub>
ALEPH	፩	፩	፩	፩
GIMEL	፪	፪	፪	፪
ZAYIN	፫	፫	፫	፫
HETH	፬	፬	፬	፬
YODH	፭	፭	፭	፭
LAMEDH	፮	፮	፮	፮
MEM-QOPH	፯	፯	፯	፯
SAMEKH	፱	፱	፱	፱
SHIN	፲	፲	፲	፲

***Right-joining Psalter Pahlavi Characters***

Character	X <sub>n</sub>	X <sub>r</sub>
BETH	፲	፲
DALETH	፳	፳
HE	፴	፴
WAW-AYIN-RESH	፵	፵
KAPH	፶	፶
NUN	፷	፷
PE	፸	፸
SADHE	፹	፹
TAW	፻	፻

**3. Names and ordering.** The names used for the Psalter Pahlavi characters are based on their Imperial Aramaic analogues. The order of the characters in the code charts is their alphabetical order. The historical characters WAW, AYIN, and RESH and MEM and QOPH fell together into two characters, named here WAW-AYIN-RESH and MEM-QOPH respectively.

**4. Numbers.** Psalter Pahlavi has its own numbers, which have right-to-left directionality. Numbers are built up out of 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 20, and 100; the number 1000 is not attested in Psalter Pahlavi. The following is an exhaustive list of numbers attested in Psalter Pahlavi. The third column is displayed in visual order.

3	μ	3 ←	Hérat Cross l. 3r
96	م٩٦	3 + 3 + 10 + 20 + 20 + 20 + 20 ←	f.2r.13
98	م٩٨	4 + 4 + 10 + 20 + 20 + 20 + 20 ←	f.3r.1
99	[م٩٩]	[3 + 3 + 3 + 10] + 20 + 20 + 20 + 20 ←	f.3v.5
122	و١٢	2 + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.5r.10
123	و١٣	3 + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.5v.2
124	و١٤	4 + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.5v.18
125	و١٥	2 + 3 + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.6r.11
126	و١٦	3 + 3 + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.6v.6
127	و١٧	3 + 4 + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.7r.7
128	و١٨	4 + 4 + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.7v.4
129	و١٩	ALEPH + SHIN + TAW + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.8r.4
130	و٢٠	10 + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.8v.2
131	[و٢١]	[1] + 10 + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.8v.12
132	[و٢٢]	[2 + 10] + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.9v.14
134	[و٢٤]	[4 + 10 + 20 + WAW] + 100 ←	f.10r.3
135	و٢٥	2 + 3 + 10 + 20 + WAW + 100 ←	f.11v.2
136	[و٢٦]	ALEPH + TAW + SHIN + [10 + 20 + WAW + 100] ←	f.12v.10
507	م٥٧	3 + 4 + 100 + 2 + 3 ←	Hérat Cross l. 1v

Note that “129” is written “100 and 20 nine” (و means *ud* ‘and’ صحفه TŠA means *nō* ‘nine’); “136” is written “100 and 30 six” (محضه ŠTA means *šaš* ‘six’).

Some Psalter Pahlavi numbers have joining behaviour. Note that they can join with letters as well as numbers (see م 20-TAW in 129 above). The numbers 10 and 20 are dual joining, and the numbers 1, 2, 3, and 4 are right-joining, although these change their form in some combinations. The nominal forms of the numbers 2, 3, and 4 have a long final leg (μ, μ, μ), but in combination when used in building up other numbers they ligate with a short form in the first (μμ 5, μμμ 6, μμμμ 7, μμμμμ 8, μμμμμμ 9).

#### Dual-joining Psalter Pahlavi Numbers

Character	X <sub>n</sub>	X <sub>r</sub>	X <sub>m</sub>	X <sub>I</sub>
TEN	፳	፳	፳	፳
TWENTY	፲	፲	፲	፲

#### Right-joining Psalter Pahlavi Numbers

Character	X <sub>n</sub>	X <sub>r</sub>	X <sub>rm</sub>	X <sub>nm</sub>
ONE	‘	‘	‘	‘
TWO	μ	μ	μ	μ
THREE	μμ	μμ	μμ	μμ
FOUR	μμμ	μμμ	μμμ	μμμ

The following rules, R1 and R2, will need to be applied after the contextual shaping process in order to determine if the form with a short final leg should be used. These rules may be implemented either in rendering engines and/or by using font technology such as OpenType’s GSUB.

**R1** A number 1, 2, 3, or 4 that has a right join-causing character to its right and a number 1, 2, 3, or 4 to its left will take the form of  $X_{rm}$ .

$$\mu 3 + \mu\mu 4 + \text{و} 20 \rightarrow \mu + \mu\mu + \text{و} \rightarrow \mu\mu\text{و} 27$$

**R2** A number 1, 2, 3, or 4 that has no right join-causing character to its right and a number 1, 2, 3, or 4 to its left will take the form of  $X_{nm}$ .

$$\mu 3 + \mu\mu 4 + 100 \rightarrow \mu + \mu\mu + \text{وو} \rightarrow \mu\mu\text{وو} 107$$

**5.1 Minor punctuation.** Psalter Pahlavi punctuation appears to be related to Syriac punctuation, though the usage of the latter is probably more exactly established. Relevant related characters in Syriac are U+0701 SYRIAC SUPRALINEAR FULL STOP, U+0702 SYRIAC SUBLINEAR FULL STOP, U+0703 SYRIAC SUBLINEAR COLON, and U+0708 SYRIAC SUPRALINEAR COLON SKEWED LEFT. Psalter Pahlavi uses four characters just like these, as well as three combining characters which are used alone with letters alone, and with letters followed by one of the spacing punctuation characters. The following configurations have been observed (using the letter YODH as the base character):

- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI HIGH DOT
- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI LOW DOT
- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI COLON
- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI COLON SKEWED RIGHT
- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI DOT ABOVE
- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI DOT BELOW
- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI DOUBLE DOT ABOVE
- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI DOT ABOVE + PSALTER PAHLAVI HIGH DOT
- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI DOT ABOVE + PSALTER PAHLAVI LOW DOT
- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI DOT BELOW + PSALTER PAHLAVI LOW DOT
- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI DOUBLE DOT ABOVE + PSALTER PAHLAVI LOW DOT
- YODH + PSALTER PAHLAVI DOT ABOVE + PSALTER PAHLAVI HIGH DOT + PSALTER PAHLAVI LOW DOT

**5.2 Major punctuation.** Four types of large section-ending punctuation have been identified. The most common is PSALTER PAHLAVI SECTION MARK ☩ which is written with red dots in the vertical position and black dots in the horizontal position; the red dots are often written as rings, which is reflected in the reference glyph here. Less common but found together with this is the PSALTER PAHLAVI TURNED SECTION MARK ☪ which is written with black dots in the vertical position and red dots in the horizontal position. More rare is the PSALTER PAHLAVI FOUR DOT PUNCTUATION WITH CROSS ☫ (which is sometimes found immediately following the SECTION MARK), and the PSALTER PAHLAVI FOUR DOT PUNCTUATION WITH DOT ☬ (which is slightly reminiscent of the MANICHAEAN PUNCTUATION FLEURON ☭).

**5.3. Issues.** Some of these configurations look very similar indeed, and may be related not to structural differences in a punctuation scheme, but rather to penmanship. This will be discussed with experts in the script so that the scheme can be better understood. Attempts were made to find ways to use Syriac characters or generic characters to build up this set, but no configuration seemed to be suitable, and in any case at least the PSALTER PAHLAVI COLON SKEWED RIGHT has no analogue elsewhere in the UCS. In particular it would be difficult to use ASCII FULL STOP and COLON because this would effectively prevent a simple monofont containing Psalter Pahlavi characters alongside Latin characters used for transliteration and discussion text. Since Psalter Pahlavi punctuation is a coherent set of characters, historically related to but not identical to what we have in Syriac, and historically unrelated to Western punctuation, it is proposed to encode them as a set of script-specific characters.

**5.4.** Psalter Pahlavi makes use of a *kashida* to extend a word. The character U+ 0640 ARABIC TATWEEL is proposed to be used for this function. Mandaic and Manichaean also have a similar requirement. The data file ScriptExtensions.txt would need to be changed to say:

0640	; Arab Mand Mani Phlp Syrc # Lm	ARABIC TATWEEL
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**6. Line-Breaking.** The letters and digits behave like letters, and will have the line breaking class AL (Alphabetic). The stops will have the line breaking class CM (Combining Mark). It is probably safe to assume that lines could be broken both before and after the section mark and the dotted cross, but not between consecutive ones, so they should have the line breaking class B2 (Break Opportunity Before and After). The other punctuation marks happen at the end of words and should perhaps forbid a break before them. The best line breaking class for them should be EX (Exclamation/Interrogation).

## 7. Unicode Character Properties

```
10B80;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER ALEPH;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B81;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER BETH;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B82;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER GIMEL;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B83;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER DALETH;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B84;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER HE;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B85;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER WAW-AYIN-RESH;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B86;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER ZAYIN;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B87;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER HETH;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B88;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER YODH;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B89;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER KAPH;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B8A;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER LAMEDH;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B8B;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER MEM-QOPH;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B8C;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER NUN;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B8D;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER SAMEKH;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B8E;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER PE;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B8F;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER SADHE;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B90;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER SHIN;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B91;PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER TAW;Lo;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B92;PSALTER PAHLAVI HIGH DOT;Po;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B93;PSALTER PAHLAVI LOW DOT;Po;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B94;PSALTER PAHLAVI COLON;Po;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B95;PSALTER PAHLAVI COLON SKEWED RIGHT;Po;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B96;PSALTER PAHLAVI DOT ABOVE;Mn;230;NSM;;;;N;;;;;
10B97;PSALTER PAHLAVI DOT BELOW;Mn;220;NSM;;;;N;;;;;
10B98;PSALTER PAHLAVI DOUBLE DOTS ABOVE;Mn;230;NSM;;;;N;;;;;
10B99;PSALTER PAHLAVI SECTION MARK;Po;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B9A;PSALTER PAHLAVI TURNED SECTION MARK;Po;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B9B;PSALTER PAHLAVI FOUD DOT PUNCTUATION WITH CROSS;Po;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10B9C;PSALTER PAHLAVI FOUD DOT PUNCTUATION WITH DOT;Po;0;R;;;;N;;;;;
10BA9;PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER ONE;No;0;R;;;;1;N;;;;;
10BAA;PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER TWO;No;0;R;;;;2;N;;;;;
10BAB;PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER THREE;No;0;R;;;;3;N;;;;;
10BAC;PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER FOUR;No;0;R;;;;4;N;;;;;
10BAD;PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER TEN;No;0;R;;;;10;N;;;;;
10BAE;PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER TWENTY;No;0;R;;;;20;N;;;;;
10BAF;PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER ONE HUNDRED;No;0;R;;;;100;N;;;;;
```

## 8. Additions for the file ArabicShaping.txt

```
# Psalter Pahlavi
```

```
10B80; PSALTER PAHLAVI ALEPH; D; No_Joining_Group
10B81; PSALTER PAHLAVI BETH; R; No_Joining_Group
10B82; PSALTER PAHLAVI GIMEL; D; No_Joining_Group
10B83; PSALTER PAHLAVI DALETH; R; No_Joining_Group
10B84; PSALTER PAHLAVI HE; R; No_Joining_Group
10B85; PSALTER PAHLAVI WAW-AYIN-RESH; R; No_Joining_Group
10B86; PSALTER PAHLAVI ZAYIN; D; No_Joining_Group
10B87; PSALTER PAHLAVI HETH; D; No_Joining_Group
10B88; PSALTER PAHLAVI YODH; D; No_Joining_Group
10B89; PSALTER PAHLAVI KAPH; R; No_Joining_Group
10B8A; PSALTER PAHLAVI LAMEDH; D; No_Joining_Group
10B8B; PSALTER PAHLAVI MEM-QOPH; D; No_Joining_Group
10B8C; PSALTER PAHLAVI NUN; R; No_Joining_Group
10B8D; PSALTER PAHLAVI SAMEKH; D; No_Joining_Group
```

10B8E; PSALTER PAHLAVI PE; R; No\_Joining\_Group  
10B8F; PSALTER PAHLAVI SADHE; R; No\_Joining\_Group  
10B90; PSALTER PAHLAVI SHIN; D; No\_Joining\_Group  
10B91; PSALTER PAHLAVI TAW; R; No\_Joining\_Group  
10BA9; PSALTER PAHLAVI ONE; R; No\_Joining\_Group  
10BAA; PSALTER PAHLAVI TWO; R; No\_Joining\_Group  
10BAB; PSALTER PAHLAVI THREE; R; No\_Joining\_Group  
10BAC; PSALTER PAHLAVI FOUR; R; No\_Joining\_Group  
10BAD; PSALTER PAHLAVI TEN; D; No\_Joining\_Group  
10BAE; PSALTER PAHLAVI TWENTY; D; No\_Joining\_Group  
10BAF; PSALTER PAHLAVI HUNDRED; U; No\_Joining\_Group

## 9. Bibliography.

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	10B8	10B9	10BA
0	𠂇 10B80	𠂈 10B90	
1	𠂆 10B81	𢃼 10B91	
2	𠂅 10B82	・ 10B92	
3	𢃼 10B83	・ 10B93	
4	𢃼 10B84	׃ 10B94	
5	𢃼 10B85	׃ 10B95	
6	𢃼 10B86	• 10B96	
7	𢃼 10B87	• 10B97	
8	𢃼 10B88	• 10B98	
9	𢃼 10B89	׃ 10B99	𢃼 10BA9
A	𢃼 10B8A	׃ 10B9A	𢃼 10BAA
B	𢃼 10B8B	׃ 10B9B	𢃼 10BAB
C	𢃼 10B8C	׃ 10B9C	𢃼 10BAC
D	𢃼 10B8D		𢃼 10BAD
E	𢃼 10B8E		𢃼 10BAE
F	𢃼 10B8F		𢃼 10BAF

## Letters

- 10B80 𠂇 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER ALEPH  
 10B81 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER BETH  
 10B82 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER GIMEL  
 10B83 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER DALETH  
 10B84 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER HE  
 10B85 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER WAW-AYIN-RESH  
 10B86 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER ZAYIN  
 10B87 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER HETH  
 10B88 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER YODH  
 10B89 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER KAPH  
 10B8A 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER LAMEDH  
 10B8B 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER MEM-QOPH  
 10B8C 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER NUN  
 10B8D 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER SAMEKH  
 10B8E 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER PE  
 10B8F 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER SADHE  
 10B90 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER SHIN  
 10B91 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI LETTER TAW

## Punctuation

- 10B92 • PSALTER PAHLAVI HIGH DOT  
 10B93 • PSALTER PAHLAVI LOW DOT  
 10B94 : PSALTER PAHLAVI COLON  
 10B95 : PSALTER PAHLAVI COLON SKEWED RIGHT  
 10B96 ⚩ PSALTER PAHLAVI DOT ABOVE  
 10B97 ⚪ PSALTER PAHLAVI DOT BELOW  
 10B98 ⚫ PSALTER PAHLAVI DOUBLE DOTS ABOVE  
 10B99 ⚬ PSALTER PAHLAVI SECTION MARK  
 10B9A ⚭ PSALTER PAHLAVI TURNED SECTION MARK  
 10B9B ⚮ PSALTER PAHLAVI FOUR DOTS WITH CROSS  
 10B9C ⚯ PSALTER PAHLAVI FOUR DOTS WITH DOT

## Numbers

- 10BA9 , PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER ONE  
 10BAA 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER TWO  
 10BAB 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER THREE  
 10BAC 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER FOUR  
 10BAD 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER TEN  
 10BAE , PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER TWENTY  
 10BAF 𢃼 PSALTER PAHLAVI NUMBER ONE HUNDRED